

PUBLISHED DAILY, Except Sunday,
at THE STAR BUILDING,
Northwest Corner Pennsylvania Ave. and 11th St., by
The Evening Star Newspaper Company,
S. H. KAUFFMANN, Pres't.

The Evening Star is served to subscribers in the city by carriers on their own account, at 10 cents per copy, or 44c. per month. Copies at the counter, 5c. each. By mail, in advance, 50c. per month. One year, \$5.00. Six months, \$3.00. (Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter, January 10, 1879.)
The Weekly Star is published on Friday—\$1 a copy, or 5c. per month. Copies at the counter, 5c. each. By mail, in advance, 50c. per month. One year, \$5.00. Six months, \$3.00. (Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter, January 10, 1879.)
All advertisements must be paid in advance. No paper sent longer than is paid for.
Rates of advertising made known on application.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PAPERHANGERS.
You are notified to attend the meeting of L. A. No. 1090, Thursday, January 10, at 7 p.m. sharp. By order of the committee, J. H. M. W.

A LITTLE NOTE TO MEN.
Is it to your trousers? Should you happen to need a new pair here is your chance. I have just received two excellent lines of trousers, bought under price—some of the finest striped worsteds at \$7, which usually sell at \$10, and a line of imported trousers at \$10, which usually sell at \$12 and \$15. I believe it will be to your interest to use them.

W. J. BEALL, 409 E. St. N. W.

NOTICE—I HEREBY NOTIFY AND WARN the public and merchants in particular, that hereafter I shall be responsible for Mrs. J. Beall's acts or any delinquency she may incur.

J. H. M. W.

WASHINGTON MARKET COMPANY.
Dividend Notice.
The stockholders of the Washington Market Company are notified that a dividend of \$1.00 per share will be paid on January 10, 1889, at the office of the company in Market Street on and after Monday, January 1, 1889.

SAMUEL W. CHURCH, Treas.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 1, 1889.

BUY YOUR COAL, COKE AND WOOD from
JOHNSON BROTHERS,
the leading firm in the District.
145-3m

RECEPTIONS! RECEPTIONS!
The following are the receipts for the year 1888, and for the year 1889, at the office of the company in Market Street on and after Monday, January 1, 1889.

SAMUEL W. CHURCH, Treas.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 1, 1889.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
1889.
PAPER BOOKS OF ALL KINDS,
COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY,
DIARIES, ALL SIZES, FOR 1889,
PHYSICIANS' VISITING LISTS,
AIDS TO THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSONS.

WM. BALLANTYNE & SON,
428 7th Street.

DIARIES, CALENDARS,
ALMANACS, NEW YEAR CARDS,
PAPER BOOKS, COMMERCIAL STATIONERY,
GENTS' DRESS SUITS for Hire, at the
International Sunday School Lessons.

C. C. PURSELL,
418 4th St.

SISTER SOFTENAP
Is gone on
BROTHER BLOWHARD.

His unadmitted check sells his adulterated goods, and the Softenap family are his victims.

LETHARGY!
The Hardens family and Hardens family are his customers. Do you want

CHEAP CHECK OR CHUMP CHECK?
We provide the former, Cheap Check, and Blowhard the latter, Chump Check. Take your choice between the

CHUCKING CHUMP
or the
CHOICE-CHUCK.

If our words don't have weight our goods do. You'll get more goods than Gas at

VICTOR E. ADLER'S
10 PER CENT CLOTHING HOUSE, 10
927 and 929 7th St. N.W., corner Massachusetts Ave.

Strictly One Price.
Open Saturdays till 11 p.m.

DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND THE FIRST GRAND
Bazaar, Saturday, Jan. 11, 1889.
LADIES' DOUBLE COMB, 11th St. N.E.

AN EXCITING TIME.
SATURDAY, AT 9 O'CLOCK, COMMENCED

THE GREAT WINDING-UP SALE
OF THE
BANKRUPT STOCK OF CLOTHING
AT 912 F STREET NORTHWEST.

There was such a large crowd that the sidewalk was completely blocked. At one time it looked as if there would be a panic on account of the immense crowd. But the good judgment of the managers averted such a catastrophe. The cause of this extraordinary rush is the fine \$20 Chinchilla Overcoats that are being sold for \$4.03, and \$1.48 Overcoats for \$3.87. Children's suits, \$1.28 and \$1.48. Men's fine Prince Albert suits, \$12.00, formerly \$28; and Men's suits, \$2.85, \$3.00, \$4.70. Boys' Overcoats and Suits at 50c per yard. The balance of the stock at 20c on the dollar previous to sending it to auction.

Remember, only THREE DAYS MORE.
Children's Knee Pants, 21c, 25c, 35c, 37c.

BAKRUPT CLOTHING SALE,
912 F STREET N.W.,
SIX DOORS FROM 9TH ST.

DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND THE FIRST GRAND
Bazaar, Saturday, Jan. 11, 1889.
LADIES' DOUBLE COMB, 11th St. N.E.

LADIES' FURS AND GARMENTS IN
SEAL SKIN AND FINE FLUSH.

Notwithstanding the great rush we have had our stock is being replenished, and from this date bargains may be obtained at greatly reduced prices in

SEAL WRAPS,
FLUSH WRAPS,
FUR LINED CIRCULARS,
MUFFS,
BOAS AND TRIMMINGS.

R. H. STINNETZ & SONS,
HATTERS AND FURRIERS,
1237 Pennsylvania Ave., through to 12th St.

J. W. BOTTLER & SON
ARE OFFERING GREAT INDUCEMENTS
TO PURCHASERS OF
DINNER AND TEA SETS,
GAME AND FINE SETS,
RICH, HEAVY, AND ENGRAVED GLASS,
TABLE CUTLERY AND PLATED WARE,
PIANO AND BANQUET LAMPS.

W. W. BRIC-A-BRAC AT REDUCED PRICES.

J. W. BOTTLER & SON,
923 Pa. Ave.

Mrs. M. J. HUNT,
1309 F STREET NORTHWEST.

Will exhibit on
THURSDAY, JANUARY 2,
RECEPTION AND EVENING BONNETS
OF NEW DESIGNS.

J. C. HUTCHINSON,
IMPORTER,
FINE MILLINERY,
WRAPS, JACKETS,
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

**NEW STYLES RECEIVED TO-DAY AND WILL BE
SOLD AT HALF PRICE.**

**POSTER IMPROVED LACING GLOVES FOR
STREET AND EVENING WEAR.**

THOMAS SOMERVILLE, Pres't.
270 JOY EDSON, Sec'y.

CO-OPERATIVE BUILDING ASSOCIATION.
"EQUITABLE BUILDING" 1003 F ST.
ASSETS, \$671,530.64.

Subscriptions for shares in the 10th issue received daily at the office of the Association, Equitable Building, 1003 F St.

Shares are \$2.50 per month.
\$1.00 advanced on each share.
Families exploring the object and advantages of the Association are furnished upon application.
Office hours, from 9 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. On the first Wednesday in each month the office will be open from 6 to 8 o'clock p.m. Advances will be made promptly at 7 o'clock.

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Washington News and Gossip.

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GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS TO-DAY.—Internal revenue, \$232,043; customs, \$902,910.

AMONG THE PRESIDENT'S CALLERS TO-DAY were Secretary Whitney, Acting Secretary Thompson, Solicitor-General Jencks, Representatives Conger with J. M. Eppstein (Iowa), Wilkinson (La.), Vernon (Iowa), and O'Neill (Pa.), and Commissioner Miller.

ANOTHER NOTARY.—The President to-day appointed John W. Parsons to be a notary public for the District of Columbia.

THE PRESIDENT HAS APPROVED the act granting a pension to Mary E. Johnston; the act to construct a road from Florence, S. C., to the national cemetery adjacent, and the act to authorize the Cairo and Tennessee River railroad company to construct bridges across the Tennessee and Cumberland rivers.

PERSONALS.—Mrs. Delva S. Lockwood leaves this evening for Kansas City, where she is expected to deliver two lectures in the exposition building on "The women of to-day" and "Is marriage a failure?" H. D. Brown, of New York City, and Judge Chas. P. Daly of New York, and Hon. W. R. McBride of Salt Lake City are at the Elbe. H. D. Brown, of New York City, and Hon. W. R. McBride of Salt Lake City are at the Elbe.

NATIONAL GUARD OFFICERS COMMISSIONED.—The President has commissioned the following officers in the national guard of the District of Columbia: Albert S. Benson, captain of company A, third battalion; Frank Boston, inspector of rifle practice, seventh battalion, with the rank of first lieutenant; Wm. J. Simmons, second lieutenant of company A, second battalion; and Fielding L. Dodson, second lieutenant of company A, sixth battalion.

BIBLE TRACTS IN TURKISH.—Mr. Oscar S. Straus, United States minister to Turkey, has reported to the state department that he has obtained of the grand vizier the necessary authorization for the Bible house at Constantinople to print 50,000 Bible tracts in Turkish, consisting of the Psalms, the Proverbs, the four Gospels and the Acts.

TO SHUT BLAINE OUT.
Capitalists With Foreign Interests Oppose His Going Into the Cabinet.

It was current rumor around the capital to-day that a new opposition to Blaine as a cabinet officer has arisen. It can be found among the New York importers and among the capitalists who have foreign interests. These are the same men who, in 1884, openly voted for Cleveland because they disapproved of Blaine's American policy. They claim that the presence of Blaine in the cabinet as Secretary of State would unsettle business to a very considerable extent. Gen. Harrison has, it is said, been informed of this opposition, and when tomorrow he was in Indianapolis he talked the matter over. He is said to have said that the matter was in his hands and that he would have to decide whether or not to appoint Blaine out of President Harrison's political faith.

THE CASE OF GEN. SWAIN.
Efforts to Secure His Pardon from the President.

The friends of Gen. Swain are more hopeful of securing his pardon by the President. His friends generally contend that his conviction by court-martial was not warranted. But, laying aside the question of the fairness of the trial, his suspension for twelve years, which permits of no one being appointed to his place, advocates that position unoccupied, requires that something should be done in the matter. If Gen. Swain continues under sentence for the full term of twelve years the office must be vacant that long. Several conferences have been held with the President on the subject. Saturday afternoon, Judge Montgomery and Representative Butterworth and Grover Cleveland were in the White House, and though he gave them no assurances of any sort he was said to be inclined to grant a pardon. It is thought that the pardon will be granted, and that Gen. Swain will then be retired and an appointment be made to the position of judge advocate general.

Interior Department Changes.
The following official changes have been made in the Department of the Interior:
General land office—appointments: Henry J. Philpot, of Iowa, special agent, \$1,500; Herman J. Scheibel, of Wisconsin, copyist, \$900.
Patent office—appointment: Mrs. Sarah L. Wolfe, of Massachusetts, skilled laborer, \$720.
Pension office—appointment: Wm. E. Cherryholmes, of Ohio, clerk, \$1,000.

Two Men Escape the Gallows.
THE DEATH SENTENCE IN TWO CASES COMMUTED BY THE PRESIDENT.

The President to-day commuted the sentences in the case of Louis Burrow, convicted in the western district of Arkansas of murder, and sentenced to be hanged January 25, 1889, and in the case of Wm. G. Soter, convicted in the same district of murder, and sentenced to be hanged on the same day. The President in his endorsement in the former case says: "It is conceded by both the judge and district-attorney that the prisoner had no intention of killing, and that his punishment should be commuted to imprisonment for life." In the case of Soter, the endorsement is as follows: "The sentence in this case is commuted to imprisonment for life in accordance with the recommendation of the district-attorney and the recommendation of the attorney-general and the jury who found the verdict of guilty of murder. I am of the opinion that this commutation is the utmost clemency which should be extended in this case in any event or at any time."

AT THE CAPITOL TO-DAY.

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THE STRUGGLE IN THE HOUSE.
Another Day Wasted in Filibustering.

The House amendments to the Nicaragua canal bill were, on motion of Mr. Sherman, non-concurred in, and a conference was asked. Senators Sherman, Edmunds, and Morgan were appointed conferees on the part of the Senate.

House bill for the relief of the Albaterra and Chesapeake canal company was reported back favorably from the committee on naval affairs and was placed on the calendar.

THE TARIFF BILL TAKEN UP.
The Senate at 12:20 resumed consideration of the tariff bill, the pending question being on Mr. Vance's amendment that the duty on no article in schedule J (flax, hemp, and jute) shall exceed 50 per cent ad valorem.

The amendment was rejected—yeas 18, nays 25—Mr. Brown voting with the democrats in the affirmative.

SCHEDULE K (WOOL AND THE MANUFACTURES OF WOOL) was, at the request of Mr. Allison, passed over informally and schedule L (silk and silk goods) was taken up.

Mr. Vest interrupted the reading at paragraph 375, in relation to velvets and plushes (including ribbons), and asked whether that was the item involved in the suit between Mr. John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, and the government. He said that Mr. Wanamaker's contention was that ribbons came in under another clause in regard to trimmings for bonnets which paid less duty.

Mr. Vest-J did not accept that statement at day's papers that the suit had been decided in favor of Mr. Wanamaker, and that an appeal had been taken to the Supreme Court. He had seen a Philadelphia paper stating that the suit was decided in favor of the government, and that an appeal had been taken to the Supreme Court.

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THE HOUSE FILIBUSTERS.

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THE FRIENDS OF THE OKLAHOMA BILL—DETERMINED TO PUSH THE MEASURE EVEN IF REGULAR APPROPRIATION BILLS ARE DEFEATED—THE REPUBLICANS SERENE.

It looks as if by recommending the resolution to prevent filibustering on suspension Monday the House had relieved the House from its embarrassment. The friends of the Oklahoma bill have made up their minds that no business shall be done until this bill is voted on or until a vote is taken for the recorder of the House. Small-Elliott contested election case was taken up, but it was at once antagonized by the Oklahoma bill, and the rest of the day and hour of adjournment was wasted in filibustering. Having failed to secure a change in the rules so as to place some restrictions on the power of obstructionists the Oklahoma folks are going to try giving the House an exhibition of the

PRACTICAL WORKING OF THE PRESENT RULES.

They declare that they might as well use up the time of the House fighting against the use of minority power, as to let it be consumed in the ordinary way under the rules, doing nothing. They intend to take advantage every opportunity the rules offer for obstructing legislation until they can carry their bill. If this plan is carried to its utmost, as Mr. Weaver proposes it shall, it will make

EXTRA SESSION OF THE FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS UNAVOIDABLE.

It fixes the responsibility for it on the House. It is the purpose of Gen. Weaver to antagonize appropriation bills as well as all others, and such course, if in any measure successful, would be to result in the failure of one or more of the House appropriations committees to complete all of its regular annual appropriations. After the